

Where to start, when making the city a more human place?

Showcase Innsbruck

cool-INN – cool urban habitats for a resilient society (2020-2023)

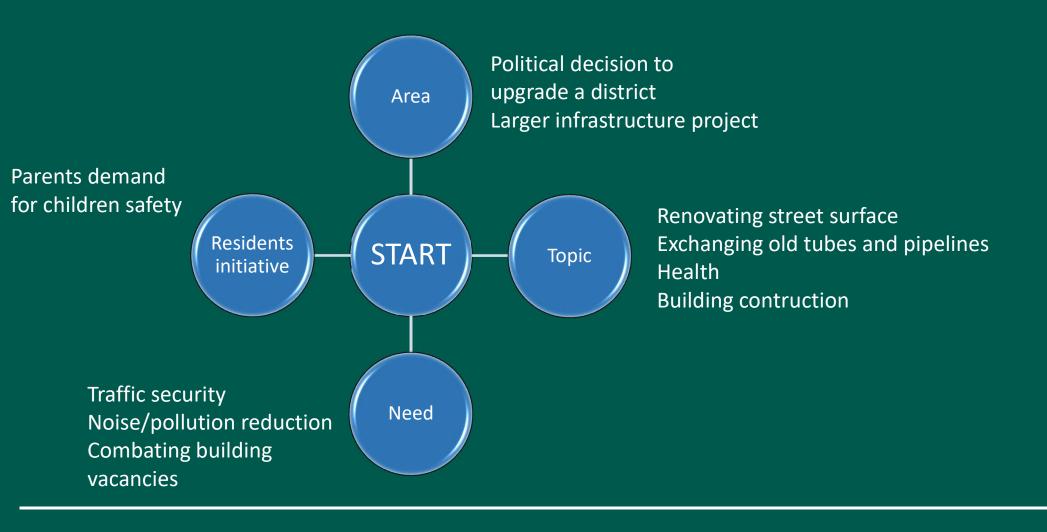








Screen your city



Getting together a suitable team



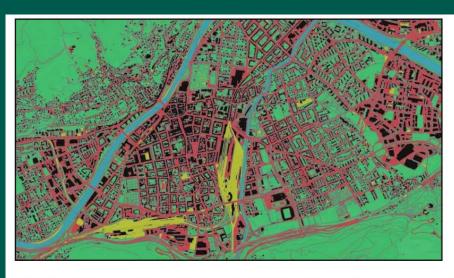
- Collaboration between municipal utility company + city + universities
- What departments to involve within the city administration? -> citizen participation + green space + engingeering







Many possible AREAS to start



■ Versiegelt
■ Gebäude
■ Gewässer
■ Grünbereich
■ Schotter/Unversiegelt

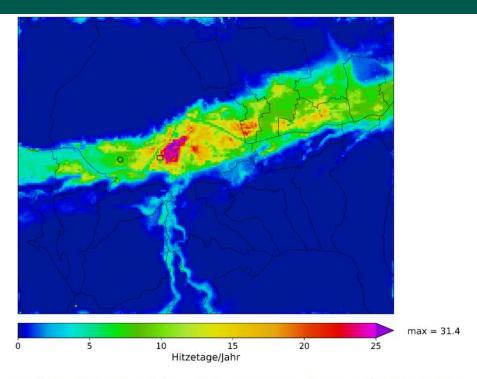


Abbildung 22: Wie Abbildung 20 aber für den Zeitraum 1990-2019. Der maximale Wert befindet sich wieder beim Bozner Platz.

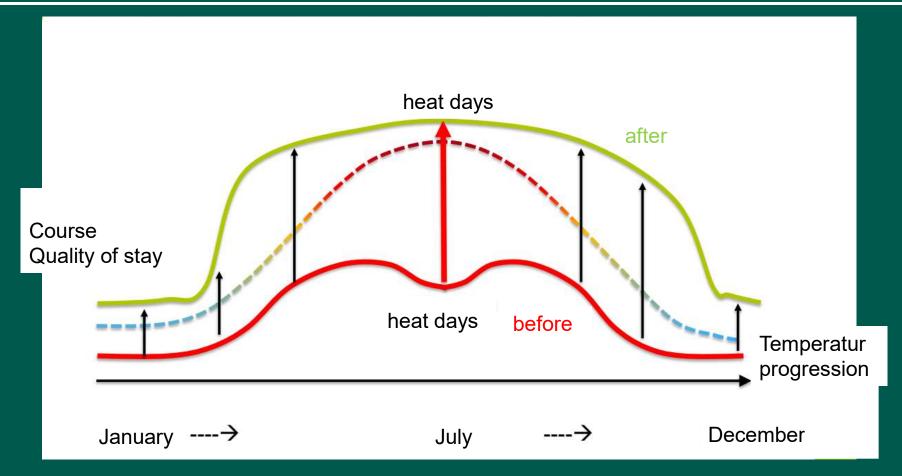
Abbildung 3: Naturstandskarte für einen Ausschnitt von der Innsbrucker Innenstadt mit Kategorien: Versiegelt (rot), Gebäude (schwarz), Gewässer (blau), niedrige (Wiesen) und hohe (Bäume) Vegetation (grün) und Schotterbzw. unversiegelte Flächen (ocker).







GOAL: Increasing the quality of stay all year round





Who could be possible stakeholders?

Co-creation
Planning the park



has an interest?
will be affected?
has knowledge & expertise?
is an important allie?



Living lab – Co-creation

Observation:

Record movement patterns

Survey:

Interview passers-by and residents

Participation:

Develop concrete ideas with neighbors Workshop with children

Performance:

Through activism and knowledge transfer creating awareness about climate change, heat islands, soil sealing and what can improve wellbeing in public space



Who could be possible stakeholders?

Co-creation Planning the park

Pedestrians

Residents

Children

Closest neighbours







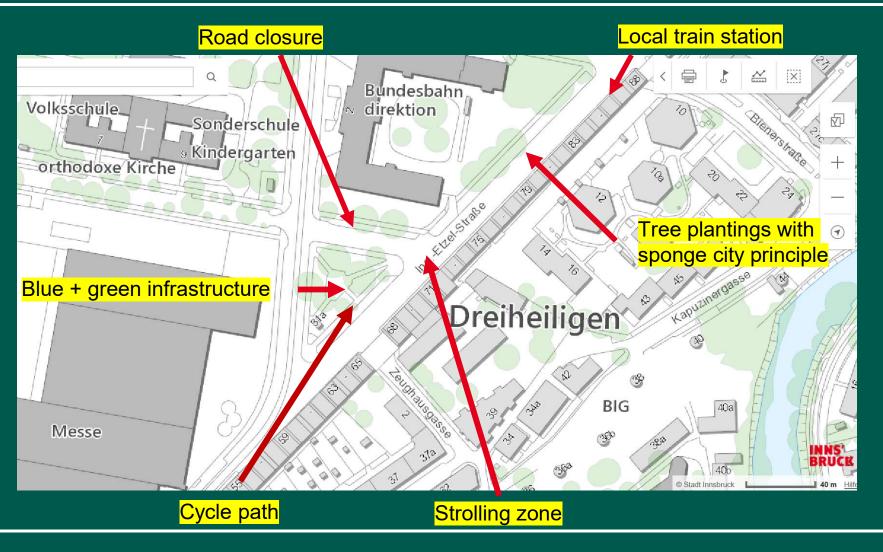


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Cool - Inn



Main measures to convert a "traffic island" into a park



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One week creative building workshop with kids







How to design public space with multiple benefits?



BESTAND

- ✓ What is / could be the THEME of the park?
- ✓ QUALITIES of the place?
- ✓ Multiple use possible?
- ✓ Synergies with other measures?

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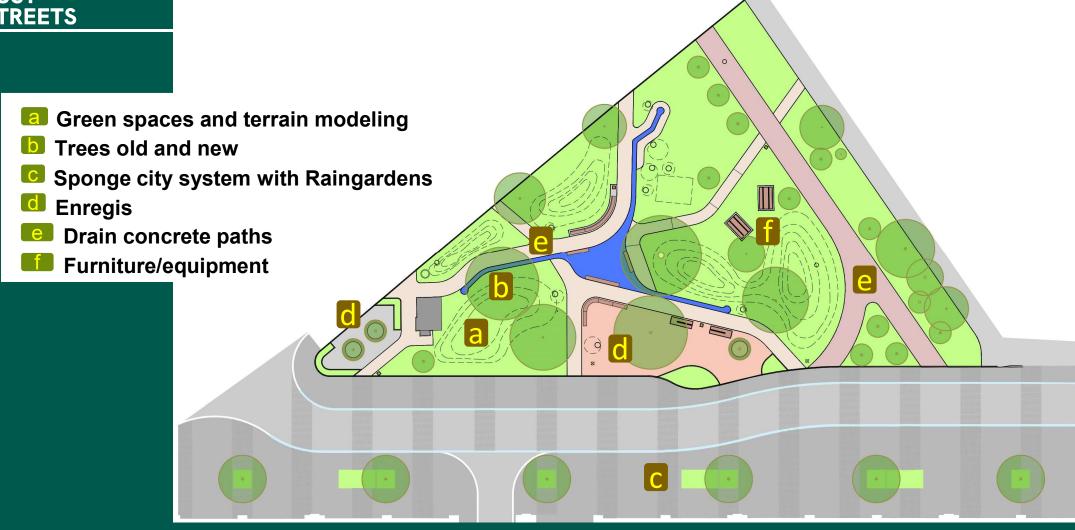
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-URNISHING











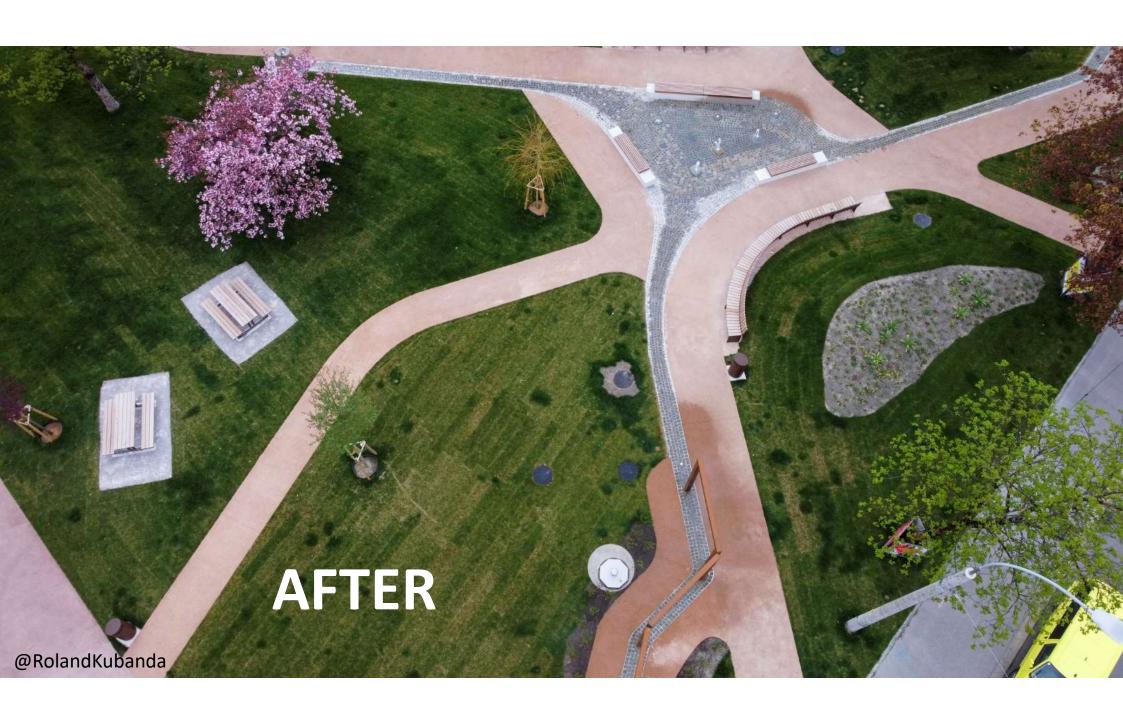


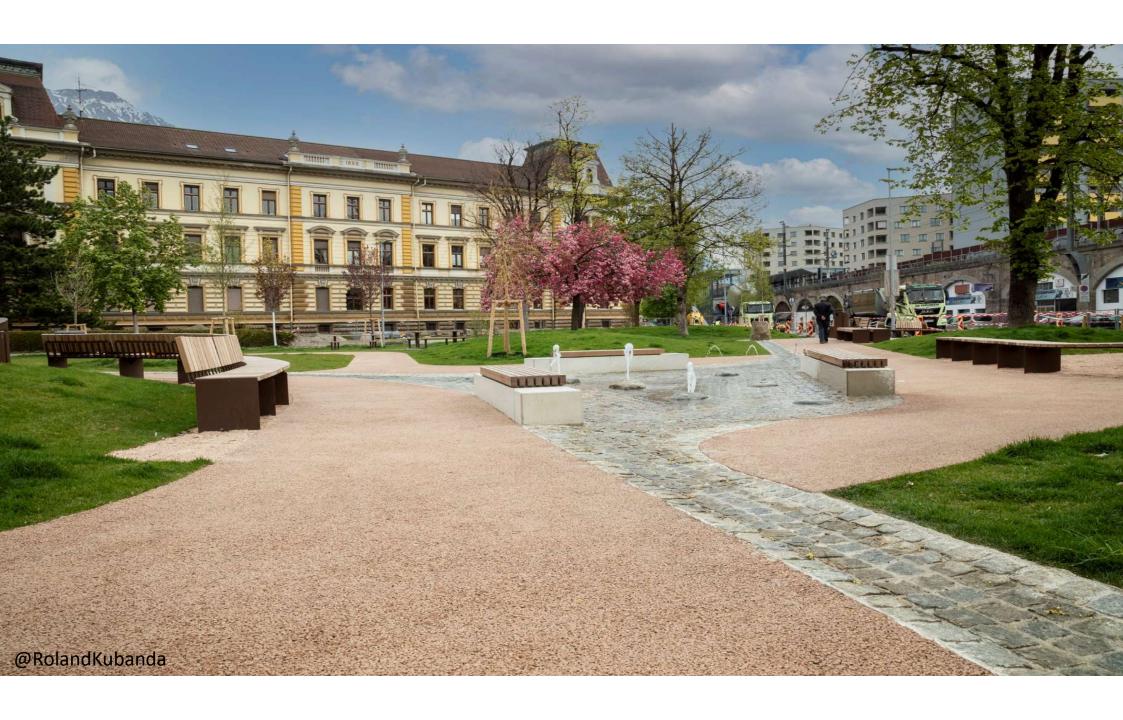


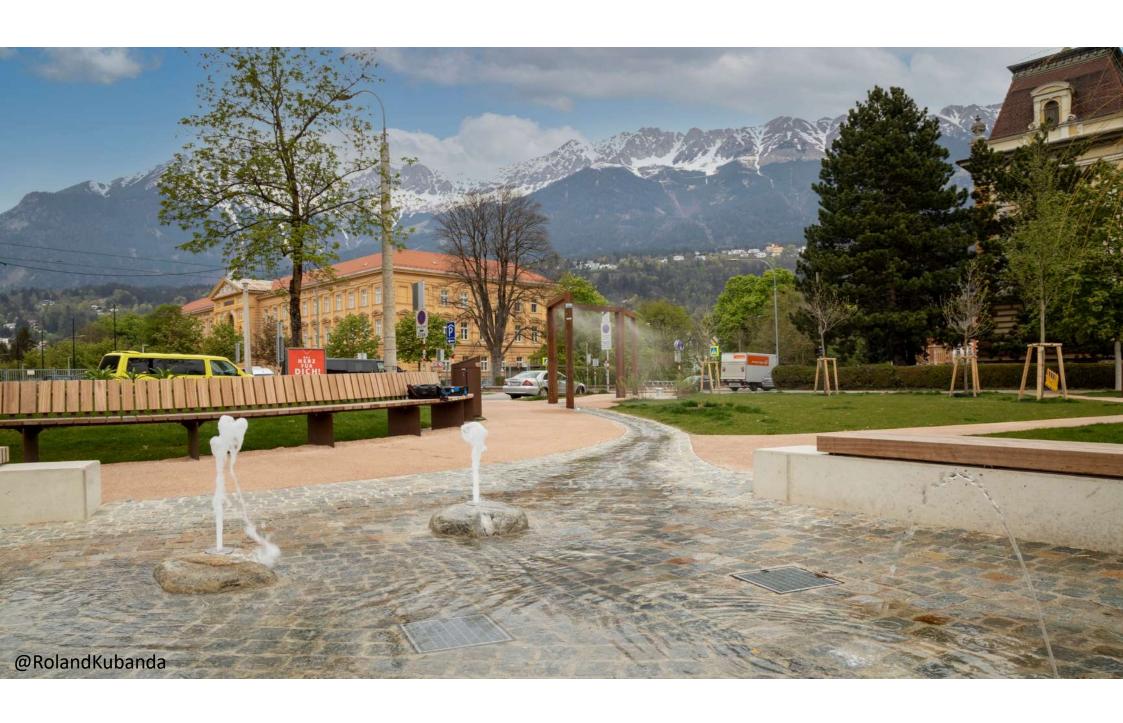
Redesign











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Surface Temperature before and after unsealing

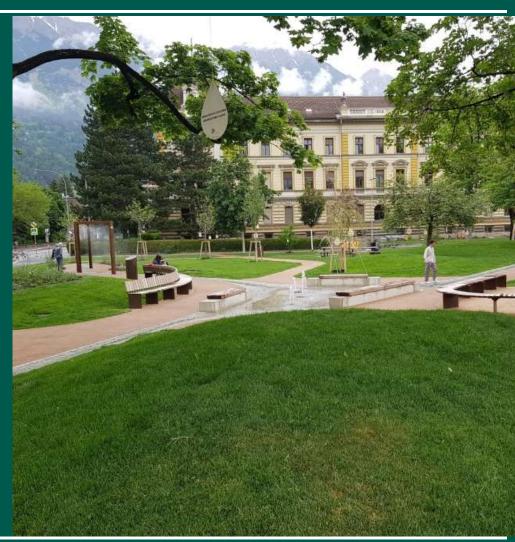


(Back, 2022)



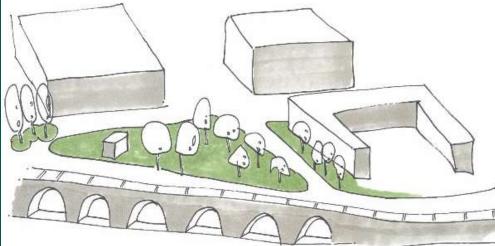
Green space and terrain modelling

- All asphalt surfaces (1.066 m2) replaced with green areas and water-permeable surfaces
- Expansion of the park green area from 860 m² to 1617 m²:
 - Dissolution of one street into a cycling/pedestrian path + lawn
 - Larger green space through terrain modeling



Tree planting

- 16 new trees in the park
- 9 trees along the train viaduct with sponge city principle
- Value:
 - Shade
 - Evaporation / cooling
 - Increase quality of stay





Sponge city

- Trees linked with rain gardens
- Sponge city body built in layers
- Root-penetrable substrate: coarse gravel, sand, compost and biochar

Value:

- Expansion of the root space under paved surfaces
- Creation of a retention volume
- > Optimum irrigation of city trees
- Discharge of sidewalk surface water



Water bound surface paths and drain concrete (cycle path)

Value:

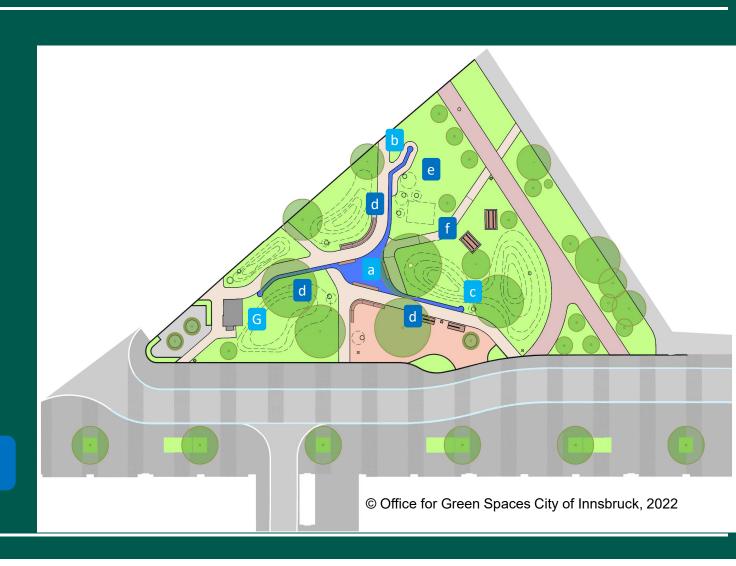
- Barrier free
- High water permeability (concrete 30l/sqm/second)
- > salt dew resistant
- Prevention of ice formation (air circulation)
- Lower heat absorption
- High strength for static heavy traffic



- a central water element
- **b** Water walls
- c drinking fountain
- d Streams
- e Water treatment
- **f** seepage
- **G** steering

Fresh water

Industrial water







Central water elements and water walls

- Fresh water (UV-treated)
- Automatic control Daily rinsing and emptying, temperature led
- Different types of nozzles

VALUE

- Low water consumption streams run on treated process water
- High value for passer-by
- > Hygenic
- Small streams dry out no algeas



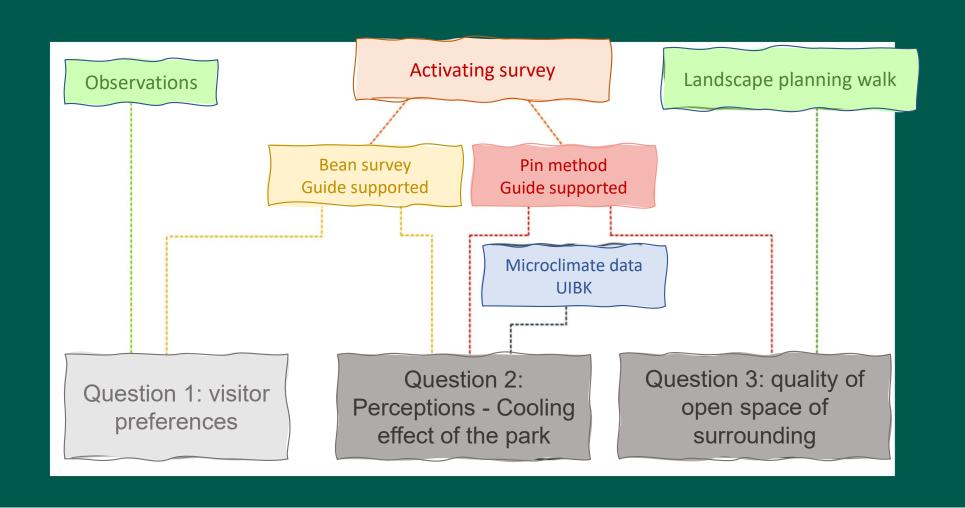


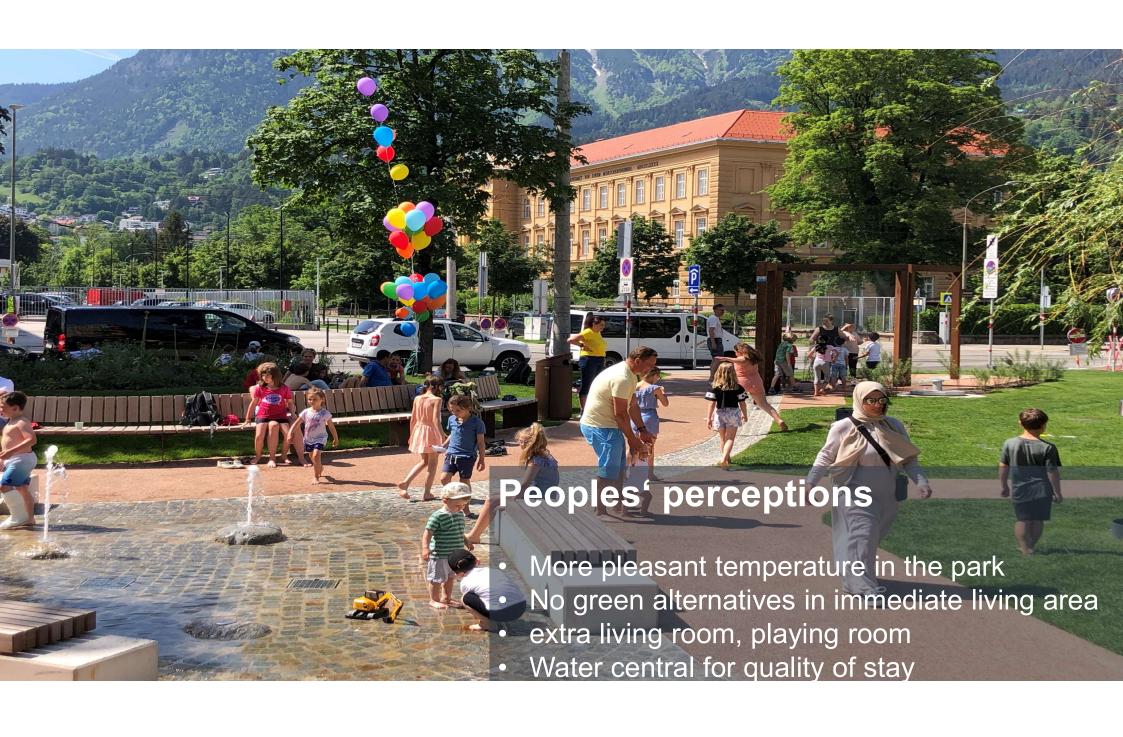
Water treatment and controll

 Sand filters and UV filters process water collected from the sludge trap

> A Rolls-Royce in terms of water control

Effect on people - "Social Monitoring" (Lintner, 2023)

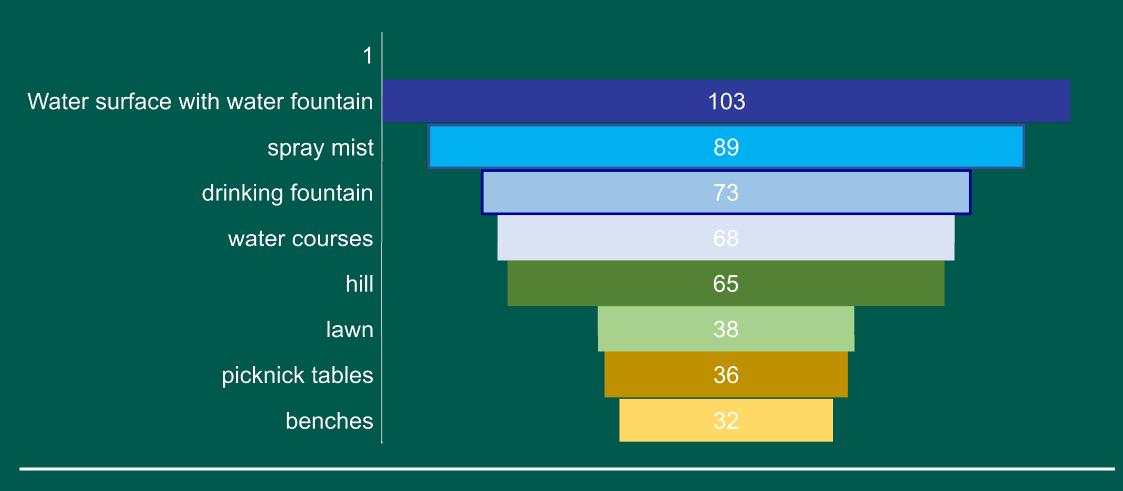






Result of the surveys: "What do you like in the park?"

(Lintner, 2023)



COMMUNICATION goal

- Informing residents about the new park
- Creating awareness about climate change and climate fit public space
- A new meeting place for small/medium-sized events (surface, power connection, vambience)

HOW?

- Positive experiences are remembered longer
- Being involved means that knowledge and consciousness is transfered into habits and actions



Metamorphosis in climate communication

The inconspicuous traffic island at the trade fair is being transformed into a climate-friendly oasis of wellbeing

-> 46 green events during 3 months



KLIMASALON IM MESSEPARK 14. Mai bis Ende August 2022

Der neue klimafitte Park zwischen Messe und neuer ÖBB Haltestelle wird zur Bühne.

Theater | Wissenschaft | Kino | Musik | Integration | Bewegung | Werkstatt

Veranstallet von: tembruck Marketing und Bürgerbeteiligung Stadt tembruck set bitte un kenternit ilfhedickes tedeboundede, no den Auf admir verfuß.





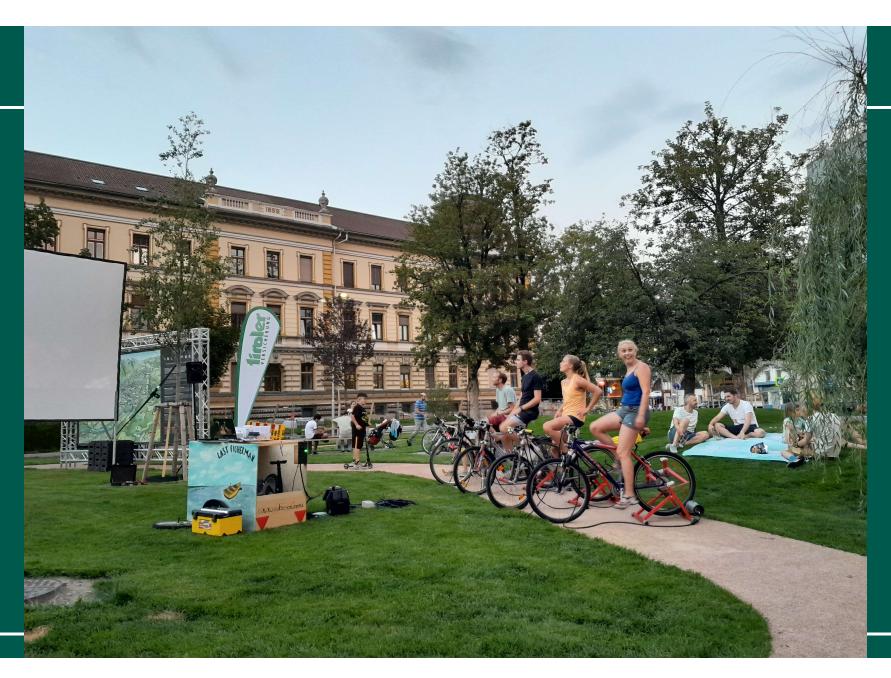








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Secret of success

- Interdisciplinary expert team collaboration between different departments, agencies and institutions
- Citizens' participation / co-creation / living-lab
- Co-creation process top-down + bottom-up!
- Restricted implementation time
- Political committment
- Multi-benefits addressed
- Innovative communication strategy (Climate Saloon)
- > Holistic solution

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Investment budget :

CITY

Office for parks € 230.000.-

Citizens' participation € 18.000.-

Municipal services € 370.000.-

Funding provider:

Climate and Energy Fund € 292.000.-

Total € 910.000.-



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Mobility justice for all: framing safer, healthier and happier streets

32 Partners 12 cities





References:

Back, Y. et al. (2023): Cool urban living places for a resilient society - Results from the project cool-INN, *Novatech*

Back, Y. and Kleidorfer, M. (2023): Chancen und Herausforderungen bei der Gestaltung klimaresistenter dichter städtischer Gebiete mit Blaugrüner Infrastruktur, Österr Wasser- und Abfallw. 75:615–625

Lintner, C. (2023): Planning climate-fit places in urban areas using the example of "Trade Fair Park" in Innsbruck. Bachelor's thesis at the University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences Vienna.

Slides: Elisabeth Meze (Urban Future/FH-Kufstein), Lisa Stöllnberger (City of Innsbruck), Michael Trojer (IKB), Yannick Back (University of Innsbruck), Florian Kretschmer, Thomas Ertl, Christoph Lintner (University of Soil Science Vienna)



Areas	old	new	difference
Total area	1,253 m ²	2,486 m ²	+1,233 m ²
Green space	860 m ²	1,617 m ²	+757 m ²
Asphalt surface	1,066 m²	0 m ²	-1,066 m ² (of which - 689 m² in canal)
Trees	14	30	+16 pieces
Canal catchment area in the sponge city area	1,950 m ²	0 m ²	-1,950 m ²

∑ Relief from the public sewerage system 2,639 m²